What is Food Insecurity?

Food insecurity refers to USDA’s measure of lack of access, at times, to enough food for an active, healthy life for all household members and limited or uncertain availability of nutritionally adequate foods. Food-insecure households are not necessarily food insecure all the time. Food insecurity may reflect a household’s need to make trade-offs between important basic needs, such as housing or medical bills, and purchasing nutritionally adequate foods.

Hunger by the Numbers...

**UNITED STATES**

- **Number of Food Insecure Persons**: 33,844,000 (10.4%)
- **Number of Food Insecure Children**: 9,262,000 (12.8%)
- **Average Cost of Meal**: $3.59
- **Annual Food Budget Shortfall**: $21,466,234,000
- **Population of USA (July 1, 2022 Census)**: 334,914,895

**NEW MEXICO**

- **Number of Food Insecure Persons**: 285,220 (13.5%)
- **Number of Food Insecure Children**: 90,490 (19.2%)
- **Average Cost of Meal**: $3.35
- **Annual Food Budget Shortfall**: $168,875,000
- **Population of NM (July 1, 2021 Census)**: 2,109,366
- **People Living in Poverty**: 364,725 (18%)
- **Children Living in Poverty**: 105,030 (24%)
  - NM ranks 3rd in poverty of the 50 states
- **SNAP Person Participation**: 1,322 (24%)
- **WIC Person Participation**: 212 (1%)
  - NM ranks 3rd in childhood poverty of the 50 states

Why are New Mexicans Food Insecure?

The leading causes of food insecurity in America cited in order of frequency in studies by the Food Research and Action Center are:

1. unemployment
2. underemployment
3. low-paying jobs
4. high housing costs
5. medical or health costs
6. homelessness
7. poverty or lack of income
8. substance abuse
9. mental health problems
10. reduced public benefits
11. child care costs
12. limited life skills

Data Sources:

1. Hunger - Feeding America Map the Meal Gap
2. Poverty - The Annie E. Casey Foundation Kids Count Data Center 2022
3. WIC – NM Department of Health 10/2022

(Fact sheet created - January 2024)
Partner Agencies

Strong partnerships with independent nonprofits and churches connect The Food Depot to diverse communities and provide nutritious foods directly to families. These organizations include churches, shelters, community centers, soup kitchens, emergency pantries, college campuses, transitional or supported living programs, and more.

Agencies receive support from The Food Depot in pursuing their hunger relief goals, including site visits, technical assistance, educational opportunities, and resources for clients. The Food Depot’s ability to acquire, store, and deliver food to each partner agency enables organizations to focus time and resources on their primary mission. Many agencies provide a multitude of wraparound services along with hunger-relief efforts.

Partner Agencies in Colfax
- ALM Always Loving Mankind
- Saint Vincent de Paul - Society of Raton
- Youth Heartline

Mobile Food Pantries

Mobile Food Pantries provide easy access to groceries to Northern New Mexico’s rural towns and villages.

At every Mobile Food Pantry distribution, a truck delivers a variety of healthy foods to a central community location, such as a fire station, community center, or church.

Local leaders, all volunteers, take time to build healthy food boxes for their community and organize the distribution. Mobile Food Pantries not only provide nutritious food, but also give community members the chance to fellowship with one another. These distributions are designed without the need for long-term storage. All food is delivered and distributed the day of the Mobile Food Pantry.

Diaper Depot

Diaper Depot provides families with a one-week supply of diapers and wipes once a month in sizes ranging from newborn to six. Diaper Depot distributes diapers through The Food Depot and more than a dozen partner agencies. Access to diapers improves the health of babies, reduces parental stress, and gives families the ability to divert household income towards other essential needs.

Diaper Depot Partner in Colfax
- ALM Always Loving Mankind

Mobile Food Pantries in Colfax
- Cimarron
- Maxwell
- Raton FUMC
- Springer

IN 2023, THE FOOD DEPOT DISTRIBUTED:

324,589 Pounds = 270,491 Meals

Why hunger is more common in rural areas?

There are many reasons why hunger is more common in rural areas, including:

Lack of transportation - People in rural areas often live far away from grocery stores and food pantries. That can make it difficult to get food, especially without a car or public transit.

Low wages and underemployment - Jobs in rural areas often pay low wages and don’t offer full-time hours. This can make it difficult to afford food, even if you work multiple jobs.

Racism and discrimination - People of color in rural areas are more likely to face hunger due to long-term inequalities affecting food access. In 2022, Black people in rural counties were 2.5 more likely to face hunger. Native Americans living in rural areas face some of the highest rates of hunger.